# WELCOME

# Preparing PHPs to Support Physicians Facing Moral Injury and Trauma of COVID-19

June 26, 2020

This education session is an exclusive, complimentary benefit for FSPHP Members hosted by the *Task Force to Support PHPs During COVID-19*.

#### **TECHNICAL INSTRUCTIONS**

- Mute and camera: You will enter the call on "mute" and with your camera "off". You control these features so please feel free to turn your camera on and unmute when you would like to speak. Remaining on mute during the call will help avoid background noise.
- This session is being recorded.
- **Screen Share**: Slides will be shared during the meeting for viewing; therefore we encourage you to join on your computer.
- **Speaker View:** Select the Speaker View icon in order to see the person speaking during the session. The speaker's video box will also become hi-lighted so that you can easily identify who is speaking.
- Chat Feature for Q&A and technical issues: The Chat feature will be available during the session. The Q&A session will take place at the end of the session.
  - If you experience technical difficulties, please direct that inquiry to the meeting host, Sandra Savage by making that selection in the "To" drop down menu in the Chat box.

# FSPHP Task Force to Support PHPs During COVID-19

**Doris Gundersen, MD, Chair** Medical Director Emeritus, Colorado Physician Health Program

Joy Albuquerque, MA, MD, FRCPC
Medical Director, Ontario Medical Association

Art Hengerer, MD, FACS

Past Chair of FSMB Board, Former Chair of the Board of Professional Medical Conduct New York, and Former Chair of the Dept of Otolaryngology at University of Rochester

Edwin Kim, MD

Medical Director, Pennsylvania Physician's Health Program

Bara Litman-Pike, PsyD Executive Director, Physician Health Services, Inc.













Federation of State Physician Health Programs

#### **SESSION OUTLINE & PRESENTERS**

- Staying Well Amidst the Crisis Doris C. Gundersen, MD
- Pacing Yourself in a Pandemic: Knowing When to Slow Down
   Joy Albuquerque, MA, MD, FRCPC
- The COVID-19 Pandemic and the Impact on Health Systems and Clinicians Arthur S. Hengerer, MD, FACS
- Questions and Discussion

#### **DISCLOSURES**

None of the panelists of the FSPHP Education Session, *Preparing PHPs to Support Physicians* 

Facing Moral Injury and Trauma of COVID-19, have anything to disclose or have any relationships, interests or situations that might result in a conflict of interest related to this session.



Doris C. Gundersen MD

Medical Director Emeritus

Colorado Physician Health Program

Past President,

Federation of State Physician Health

Programs



Describe the challenges COVID19 presents

What are the risk factors for developing mental illness secondary to the pandemic?

What mental illnesses will we potentially see develop among physicians in the short-term vs. long-term

Describe CPHP's COVID-19 Care Line for Physicians

# COVID-19 Challenges

• First pandemic in over 100 years

New virus, according to genetic sequencing

No clear treatment protocols

No vaccine

"Operating Blind"



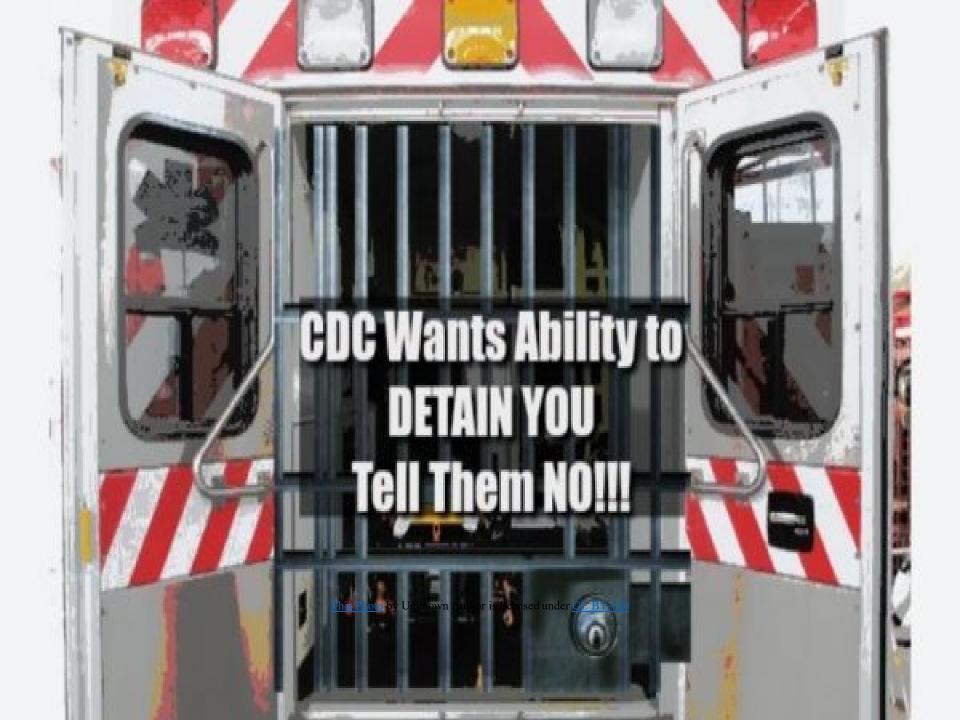
- Delayed response
- Inadequate testing
- Politics
  - CDC pandemic team defunded
  - Election Year
  - Civil unrest



- Economy versus saving lives
- Uncoordinated efforts: global, federal, state levels
- Misinformation:
   Noncompliance with stay at home orders, conspiracy theories and risk for panic/hysteria







# COVID-19 Challenges

#### Evolving picture:

- Elderly at highest risk → Young are too
- Droplets versus aerosolized?
- Do masks work?
- Asymptomatic/presymptomatic carriers
- Pulmonary disease → cardiac, brain, gi involvement
- Hydroxycholorquine: Yes → No?
- How long does immunity last?
- When will we have a vaccine?
- Resurgence of disease after quiescence
- Mutations?

#### Genetic Vulnerability

Past history of mental illness (depression, anxiety, addiction, etc.)

Past Trauma: unrelated vs. related to medical practice

Current mental health issue: Burnout!

Comorbid illnesses that increase risk of COVID19

HTN, Obesity, DM, Immune Suppression

Heightened anxiety related to heightened risk

#### Serious psychosocial stressors:

Fear of exposure/illness (self, colleagues, family, friends)

Isolation

Disruption of normal routine

Financial hardships

#### Serious psychosocial stressors (continued)

Working long hours

Contending with high number of patient deaths

Inadequate PPE

Inadequate number of beds, ventilators

#### For physicians <u>not</u> on the frontline:

Financial consequences

Laying off employees

Survivor Guilt

Rapid adaptation to telemedicine

Similar fears of infection, death, risk to family, friends and colleagues

# Normal Emotional Responses to a Pandemic

- Fear
- Anxiety
- Anger
- Helplessness
- Change in locus of control
- Distraction
- Insomnia
- Fatigue (high mental workload)
- Emotionally driven decision making (reactionary)
- Grief

Early in the pandemic response:

Mobilized

Energized

Laser focused with "detached concern".

Efficient

Solution focused

Creative

Collaborative, strong teamwork

High sense of purpose, commitment and

dedication

Physicians on the Front Line

#### With protracted and unmitigated stress:

Elevated cortisol levels

Elevated adrenaline

Sustained "fight or flight" sympathetic

nervous system stress

Insomnia

Exhaustion

Irritability

Cognitive deficits

Burnout

Physicians on the Front Line

#### The Aftermath:

Delayed psychiatric morbidity is common:

More Burnout
Depression and suicides
Anxiety disorders including PTSD
Substance Use Disorders
Demoralization:
Risk for leaving medicine

Physicians on the Front Line

# POLL #1

# Are there barriers within your state, that impacted you in program development or in helping clinicians during COVID-19?

- State has no "safe haven" provision to protect confidentiality for clinicians when seeking help.
- PHP has not had adequate staff or funding to initiate any program.
- Too busy dealing with monitoring program and its issues under present conditions
- Leadership not interested in taking on new programs at this time
- Intensity of problem is either too great or minimal in our state to address
- None



The term "moral injury" was first used to describe soldiers' responses to their actions in war. It represents "perpetrating, failing to prevent, bearing witness to, or learning about acts that transgress deeply held moral beliefs and expectations."

Journalist Diane Silver <u>describes it</u> as "a deep soul wound that pierces a person's identity, sense of morality, and relationship to society."

The moral injury of health care is being unable to provide high-quality care and healing.

Moral injury identifies the problem as not physician weakness, but as a pernicious assault on the moral values of the medical profession.

We started with a dispirited healthcare workforce

Inexplicable delay in response to COVID19, despite having knowledge of the virus in December 2019

Sense of betrayal related to lack of protection, lack of resources while battling an invisible enemy.

Patient deaths related to lack of timely resources

Muzzling of physician whistleblowers; some were fired

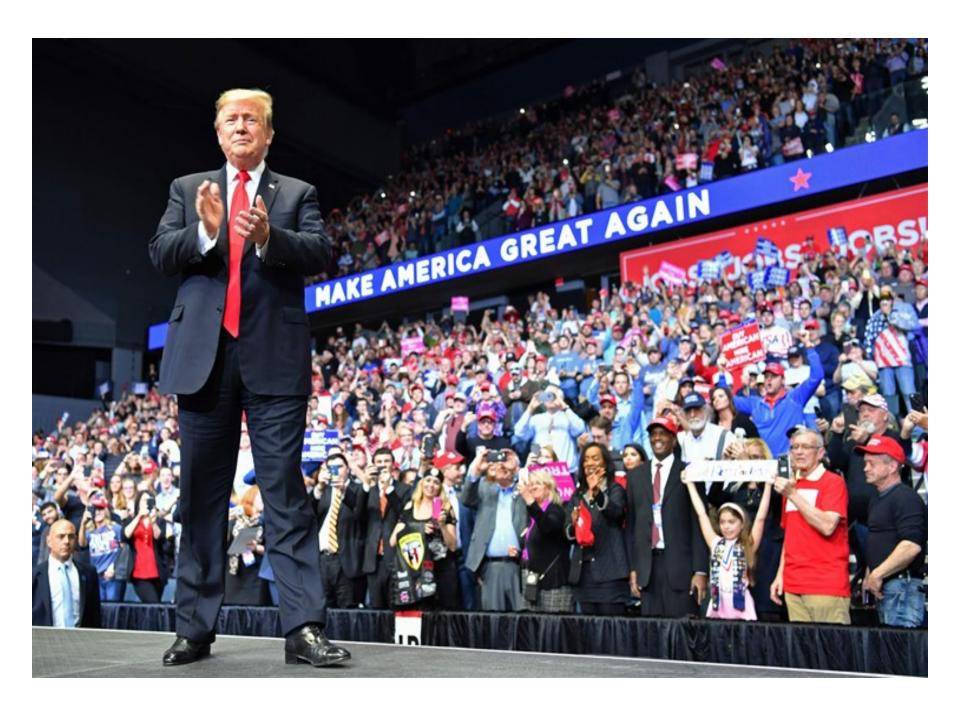
The unconscionable lack of COVID19 testing did not allow epidemiologists to do their jobs

Physician and other healthcare professional deaths >600

Young physicians creating their wills while combating the virus







Most medical experts believe this was a preventable public health disaster



## "Action is the Antidote to Despair"

---Joan Baez

#### **Crisis Counseling:**

- Strength-based
- Anonymity
- Outreach-oriented
- Culturally attuned
- Support not psychotherapy





Joy Albuquerque MD

Medical Director

Physician Health Program

Ontario Medical Association, ON, Canada





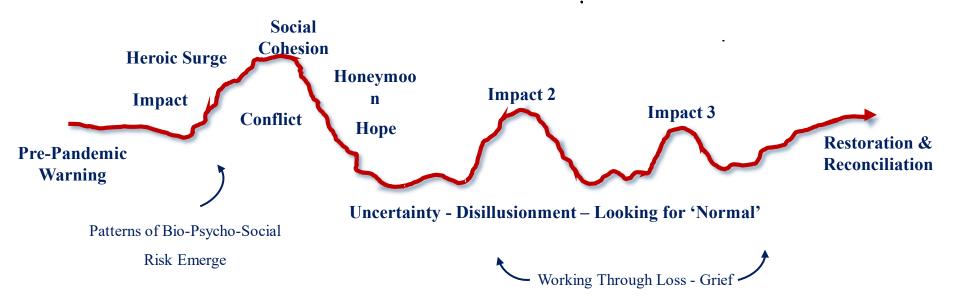
Kintsugi - "golden repair"

David Pike Kintsugi Bowl, Photo David Pike



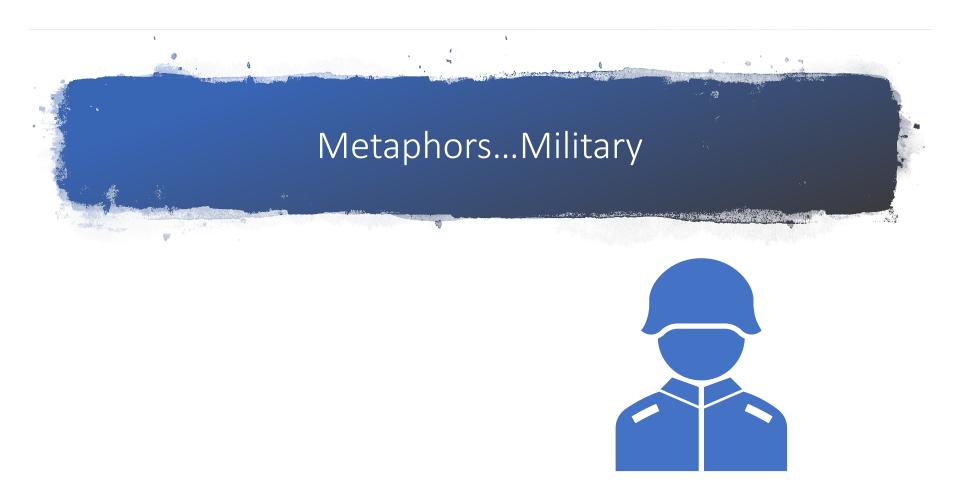


#### **Example of a Pandemic Road to Recovery**



Physician Health Program, OMA

Adapted from Zunin and Meyers and Raphael





### Example of a Pandemic Road to Recovery



Allegated from Seath and Research and Readings

#### Pacing Yourself in a Pandemic: Knowing When to Slow Down

Awareness of your day-to-day stress and well-being is the first step towards heathy action. Ask yourself, where am I on the continuum of stress and well-being – what is my colour?

Thriving	Stress Increases - Up for the Challenge	Beginning to Struggle - Distressed	Exhausted - Health Problems Arise
GREEN	YELLOW	ORANGE	RED

Notice what you feel in your body, mind and heart when at your best – in the green zone, e.g., normal mood fluctuations, calm and take things in stride, mentally sharp, feel alert and rested, a good team player

Who and what supports you to thrive?

Notice when stress challenges you to be at your best or begins to wear you down, e.g., full focus / feeling on top of your game or becoming distractible, feeling a bit on edge, impatient or less effective as the day(s) goes on

Who are the supportive people you check in with each day?

Notice signs of struggling with persistent stress. e.g., feeling down, discouraged, increased conflicts with others, pulling away from friends, eating too much/too little, disrupted sleep

Who are the trusted people and resources you turn to when you are beginning to struggle?

Notice when your health feels compromised e.g., often tired anxious, sad, harder to be effective in usual roles at work or home, others express caring concerns about you

Who would you reach out to – a family doctor, the PHP? What might be barriers to seeking help - who could help with that?

**Self Care/Peer and Organizational Support** 

**Add Compassion and Professional Support** 

**Next Steps: Create A Buddy System** 



1 for GREEN

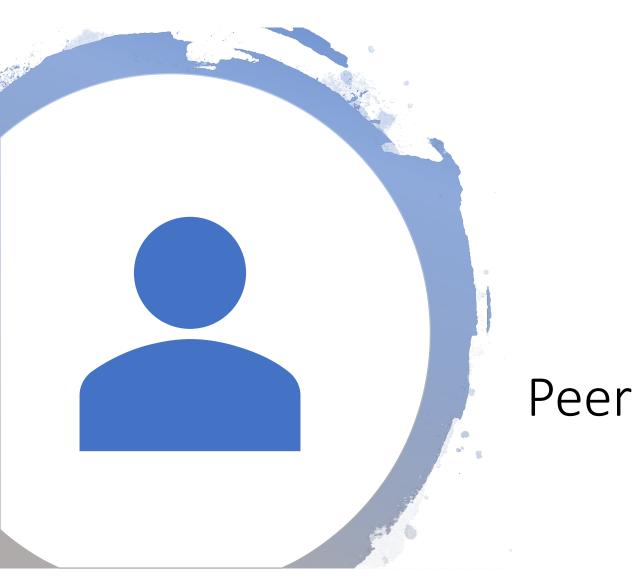
2 for CHARTRUESE

3 for YELLOW

4 for AMBER

5 for ORANGE

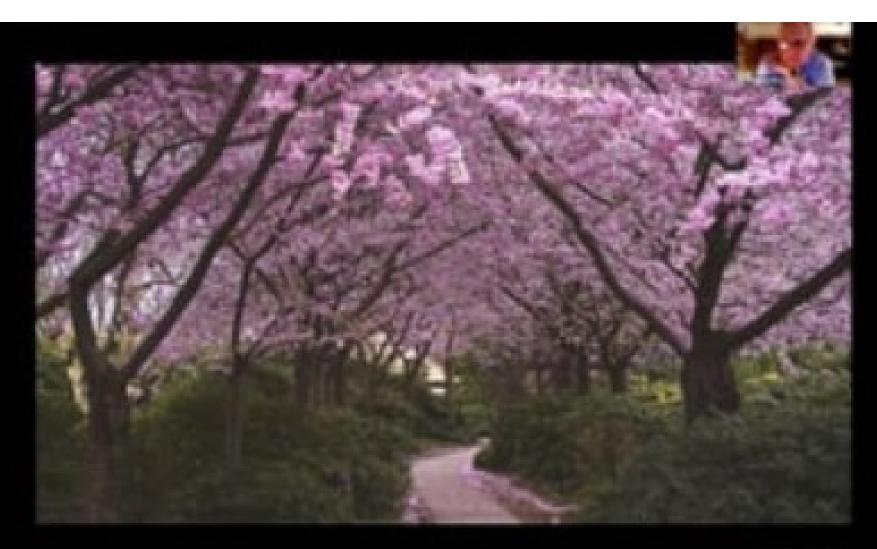
6 for RED



Peer support

## Townhall clip







#### **Buddy System**

- 1. Pairs or trios formally identify themselves as a "buddy system."
- 2. Establish the platform you are going to use to connect with each other (e.g. text, WhatsApp, email, phone, zoom etc.).
- 3. Set up a regular time to check in with each other, e.g. make it a habit, to check in
- 4. Check in by asking each other questions followed by empathically listen to their story:
  - How you are managing the basics e.g. sleeping, eating? Are you taking time to relax, recharge and exercise? How is your family? Highlights at home or work – any low spots or concerns?
- 5. Support each other by sharing coping tips and resources

Adapted from Dr Mary Elliot, UHN, Toronto



Groups...by zoom/free/not therapy/facilitated

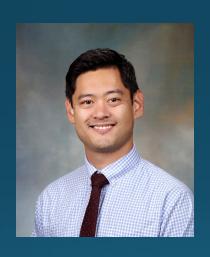
- Daily drop-ins
- Coaching
- For women physicians
- For physician leaders
- Meditation sessions nightly
- Compassion rounds

Basecamp – virtual spaces to share information, have meetings

Intake resources

**Handouts and Resources** 

**Edwin Kim, MD**Medical Director, Pennsylvania Physician's Health Program



# The COVID-19 Pandemic and the Impact on Health Systems and Clinicians What are options for a PHP response?



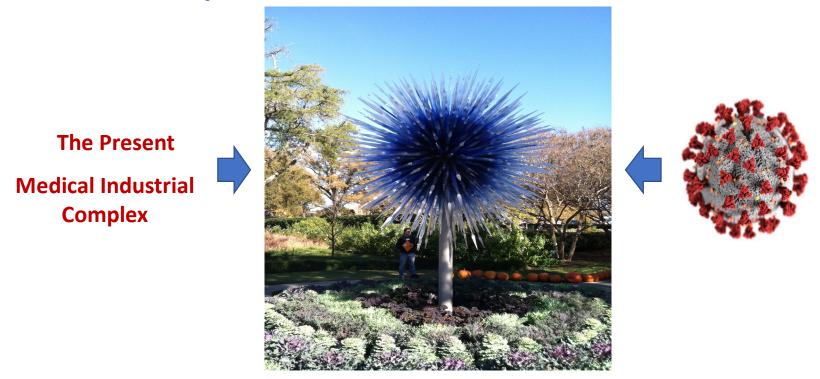
**Arthur S. Hengerer, MD, FACS** 

Past Chair of FSMB Board

Former Chair of the Board of Professional Medical Conduct New York

Former Chair the Dept of Otolaryngology at University of Rochester

#### Some Systems Can Look a lot like the COVID-19 Virus



Maybe that is why system communication was difficult and at times nonproductive in the past

To interact it could be painful without some protection or support

What can we create in the new normal?

Dale Chihuly Glass Sculpture

## **Topics for Discussion**

- Where were we in December of 2019?
- Where are we in Summer of 2020?
- How is moral distress and injury impacted clinicians?
- The role of FSPHP and state programs in the recovery
- PHP monitoring changed so what else are we finding for the new normal?

## Burnout Characteristics "Fluctuates based on time in your career in 2019"

**Emotional Exhaustion** 

Dysfunction in behaviors with loss of Empathy and level of caring

Feeling of work and involvement doesn't matter

The erosion of the soul, a lack of direction, and inability to take charge of one's work or life.

## **Entangled Pandemics of 2020**

- 1. Novel COVID-19 viral illness
- 2. Financial crisis with psychological and physiologic effects
- 3. Management of acute and chronic stress
- 4. Burnout and depression that was already present in >45% of physicians

These cannot be separated because they are all entangled!

When facing an unprecedented threat, it is natural to believe our response must be unprecedented.

BUT one thing we can do is work on managing the resulting personal anxiety and stress.

## Burnout is the Dilemma in 2019

- Not a problem as they have a solution!
- Dilemma is a perpetual balancing act that needs a strategy.
- Requires finding 3-5 actions to implement and make habits.
- Two Strategies in systems which are not aligned:
  - Personal Resilience (some of the issues)
    - Training and careers are geared toward resilience
    - Decreases the cognitive performance of the clinician
  - Work Place System Design (most of the issues)
    - "Triple Aim": Cost, Service, Patient Satisfaction
    - "Quadruple Aim": Care of the MD provider

### Characteristics for Resilience

The innate trait of the ability to bounce back from Adversity

**Optimism** Resilient role model or mentor **Cognitive Flexibility** Adapt at facing fear Personal moral compass Set of beliefs or core values Understand the issues **Active coping skills** Supportive social network **Exercising** Sense of humor

Moral Injury or Distress

# Transition to COVID-19 Impact on Clinicians

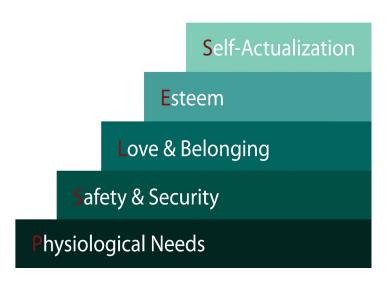
- Where and what is the type of practice?
- In what part of country are they living?
- What is the age, gender and level of financial security?
- Their relationships and family dynamics
- Contracted the Covid-19 infection
- Are they seeking mental health support and from what resource?
- How do PHPs fit into this journey to recovery?

## Maintaining a Healthy Balance for Yourself

## FIVE FUNDIMENTAL HUMAN NEEDS THAT MUST BE MET:

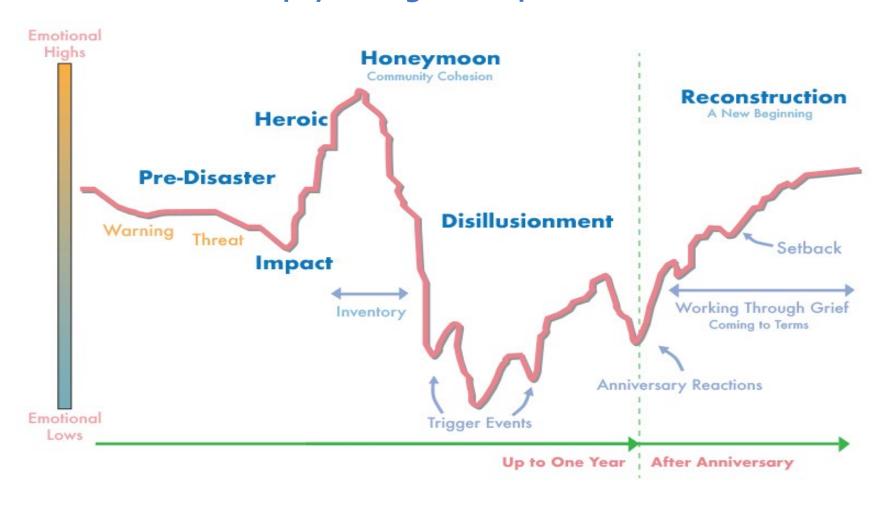
- Fairness and Equity
- Physical and Psychological Safety
- Meaning and Purpose
- Choice and Autonomy
- Camaraderie and Teamwork

#### Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs



J, Perlo, et all. IHI Framework for Improving Joy in Work, An IHI Resource, IHI.org

#### Phases of psychological response to a disaster



## Post Trauma Psychopathology

**Psychopathology = Pre-trauma Vulnerability X Trauma Exposure** 

Resilience

#### **RESULT:**

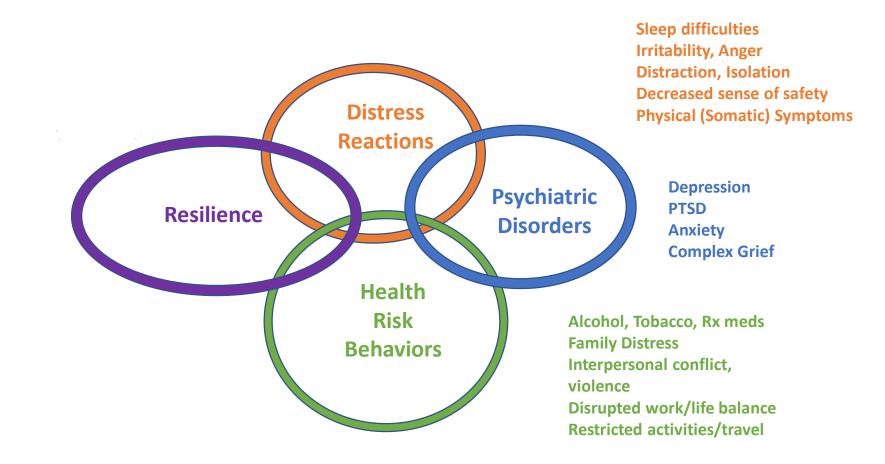
Tip back into prior behavior

**Major depression** 

**PTSD** 

**Alcohol and Drug Abuse Disorder** 

#### Psychological & Behavioral Responses to Pandemic



## **LEWIN'S LAW - 1936**

$$B=f(P+C)$$

Behavior = Function (Person + Environment)

System (Clinician + Health System)

Wellness

**SYSTEM AND CULTURE CHANGE** 

#### System and Culture Change:

What steps need to happen in a system to change the direction?

- System Structure
- Leadership
- Finances
- Communication
- Autonomy
- Teamwork
- Research and Data



**Steps now to wellness** 

## Leadership Responsibility



- Leadership is not just a position, but capacity and willingness to serve
- Be present, set an example and offer encouragement
- Effective communication being transparent and honest
- Normalize the situation as much as possible for those affected
- Offer hope and optimize the potential
- Commitment that seeing situations and perspectives outside own interests
- Acknowledge the grief that is felt by everyone and is appropriate

#### National Prevention Strategy for Clinical Workforce

- Shared Leadership Government, Institutions, Professional societies
- All hospitals/health systems implement a behavioral health plan
- Multi-modal interventions
- Recognizes both unique and shared vulnerabilities
- Adapts hierarchy of interventions for mental health
  - Prevention and treatment
  - Psychological tool kits -> stepped care
  - Monitor and addresses longer-term sequelae
- Supports state-wide and federal efforts, includes research to see what works!

# POLL#3

# If grant funding was available what research project might you be interested in participating in (i.e. providing and/or collecting data)?

- Increased incidence of substance use problems and mental health issues stemming from the COVID-19 pandemic (referred for treatment).
- Study looking at the outcome of a peer program.
- Study examining the sources of stress for clinicians, taking into consideration personal and system issues (including moral distress).
- Review and outcomes of programs and interventions developed during COVID-19 to gain insight into what was experienced as most beneficial and effective to physician health and wellbeing.
- Impact of the 'new' normal on the branding and confidence of the role of PHPs.



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### COVID-19 Impact on Clinician and FSPHP Responses

#### **ANXIETY:**

Apprehension, uncertainty, fear

From: real, imagined, and situations that threating or harming

#### **STRESS:**

Feelings of emotional or physical tension

Resulting in physiologic responses

Response proportional to degree of anxiety

#### FROM:

The front line hero in the ICU to

The sidelined clinician with financial stress from no active practice

#### **AWARENESS of NEEDS:**

**Personal CONTROL** 

**COMPETENCE** in self

**CONNECTION** with courage and patience

#### **COPING SKILLS:**

View problem directly

**Accept emotional support** 

Recognize meaning of what happening – know where to turn

#### **FSPHP OPERATIONAL RESPONSES:**

Be available to other organizations to promote positive support image of PHPs

Ensure "safe haven" for coping skill support

Hot line for psychiatric and peer support

Create program for buddy support groups with medical societies

Distribute all national ideas between PHPs

Remind physicians without seeking support these stresses can lead to misconduct

Develop research protocols and collect data for future analysis and publication

## FSPHP Involvement in COVID-19 Support

- This is a marathon of support of unknown duration:
  - Is it a 5K, 13.1K, 26.2K or Ironman?
  - Since don't know makes it very hard to tolerate and make plans
- Will see an increase in alcohol and drug abuse, mental health issues
- Mental health support maybe cut with state and fed gov't financial distress
- This will make need for support from volunteer programs
- Will need institutional, private, NGOs, society and agencies support
- Look at our systems and make design change at national and local levels
- Work on social contract with society of what they will want for the future
- Address communication internally, with state boards and recipients in the new normal that will evolve

## POLL #4

# What adjustments or new interventions to your PHP Program have been positive and you would like to see continue?

- Virtual Support Groups for Participants
- Virtual Support Groups or Support
   Lines for non-Participant Physicians for
   Stress, Burnout, and Moral Injury
   subsequent to Covid-19
- Telehealth therapy for participants
- Remote Work Arrangements for Staff
- Virtual Intake and Monitoring Meetings with Participants or Referrals
- Remote and Secure Document Sharing with Participants w/ tools such as DocuSign

- More Involvement of Workplace Monitors for Support and Monitoring
- Adjustments to toxicology testing –
  frequency; kind of tests; location of tests.
  Examples: use of Remote Breath Alcohol
  Devises, Remote Oral Fluid Tests,
  Retrospective Comprehensive Testing
- Increased Communication with Other Agencies or Individuals, such as State Licensing Board; Behavioral Health and Coaching Providers; Medical Society



## Questions and Closing Comments

- Please send your question by using the Chat feature
- Visit FSPHP COVID-19 Resource Pages
   Support of Clinicians During COVID-19 Public facing page
   PHP Responses to COVID-19 PHP members only page
- Watch for an email with a survey collecting feedback on this session and asking you what else FSPHP can do to be helpful to our PHPs.
- This session slides will be available to members on the membership portal.